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|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Centre Number       |  |  |  |  |  | Candidate Number |  |  |  |  |
| Surname             |  |  |  |  |  |                  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Names         |  |  |  |  |  |                  |  |  |  |  |
| Candidate Signature |  |  |  |  |  |                  |  |  |  |  |

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|---------------------|------|
| For Examiner's Use  |      |
| Examiner's Initials |      |
| Question            | Mark |
| 1                   |      |
| 2                   |      |
| 3                   |      |
| 4                   |      |
| 5                   |      |
| 6                   |      |
| 7                   |      |
| 8                   |      |
| TOTAL               |      |



General Certificate of Education  
Advanced Level Examination  
June 2012

# Mathematics

# MFP2

## Unit Further Pure 2

Thursday 31 May 2012 9.00 am to 10.30 am

**For this paper you must have:**

- the blue AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

### Time allowed

- 1 hour 30 minutes

### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Write the question part reference (eg (a), (b)(i) etc) in the left-hand margin.
- You must answer each question in the space provided for that question. If you require extra space, use an AQA supplementary answer book; do **not** use the space provided for a different question.
- Do not write outside the box around each page.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.

### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.

### Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- You do not necessarily need to use all the space provided.



J U N 1 2 M F P 2 0 1

Answer **all** questions.

Answer each question in the space provided for that question.

**1 (a)** Sketch the curve  $y = \cosh x$ . *(1 mark)*

**(b)** Solve the equation

$$6 \cosh^2 x - 7 \cosh x - 5 = 0$$

giving your answers in logarithmic form. *(6 marks)*

QUESTION  
PART  
REFERENCE

**Answer space for question 1**



QUESTION  
PART  
REFERENCE

**Answer space for question 1**

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**Turn over** ►

**2 (a)** Draw on the Argand diagram below:

(i) the locus of points for which

$$|z - 2 - 3i| = 2 \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

(ii) the locus of points for which

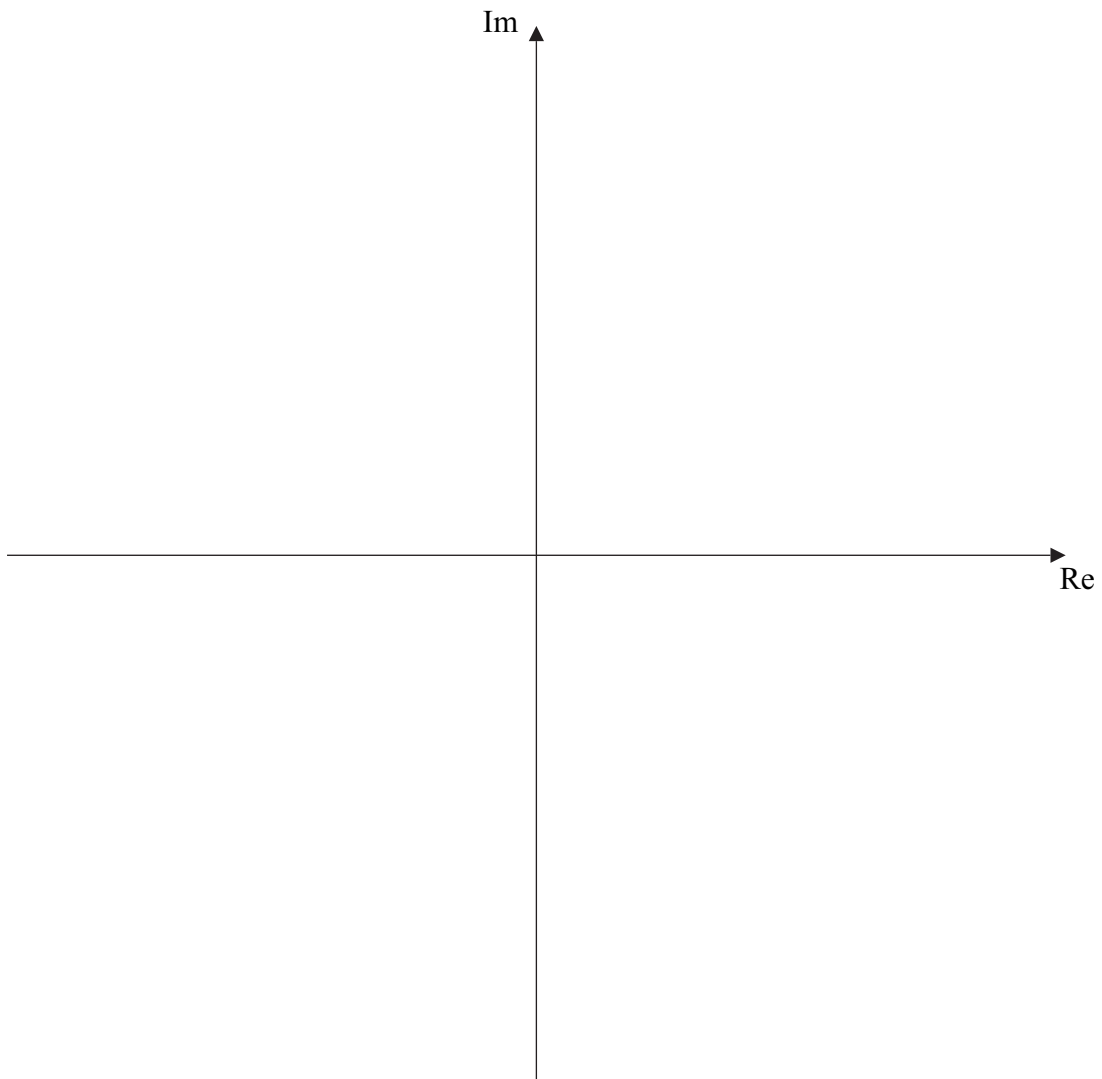
$$|z + 2 - i| = |z - 2| \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

(b) Indicate on your diagram the points satisfying both

$$|z - 2 - 3i| = 2$$

and

$$|z + 2 - i| \leq |z - 2| \quad (1 \text{ mark})$$



QUESTION  
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**3 (a)** Show that

$$\frac{2^{r+1}}{r+2} - \frac{2^r}{r+1} = \frac{r2^r}{(r+1)(r+2)} \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

**(b)** Hence find

$$\sum_{r=1}^{30} \frac{r2^r}{(r+1)(r+2)}$$

giving your answer in the form  $2^n - 1$ , where  $n$  is an integer. (3 marks)

QUESTION  
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QUESTION  
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**4** The cubic equation

$$z^3 + pz + q = 0$$

has roots  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ .

**(a) (i)** Write down the value of  $\alpha + \beta + \gamma$ . (1 mark)

**(ii)** Express  $\alpha\beta\gamma$  in terms of  $q$ . (1 mark)

**(b)** Show that

$$\alpha^3 + \beta^3 + \gamma^3 = 3\alpha\beta\gamma \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

**(c)** Given that  $\alpha = 4 + 7i$  and that  $p$  and  $q$  are real, find the values of:

**(i)**  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ ; (2 marks)

**(ii)**  $p$  and  $q$ . (3 marks)

**(d)** Find a cubic equation with integer coefficients which has roots  $\frac{1}{\alpha}$ ,  $\frac{1}{\beta}$  and  $\frac{1}{\gamma}$ . (3 marks)

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QUESTION  
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**There are no questions printed on this page**

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ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**

